

**IMMUNOMEDICS, INC.**  
**AMENDED AND RESTATED CHARTER**  
**OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE**

**I. STATUS**

The Audit Committee (the “Committee”) is a committee of the Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Immunomedics, Inc. (the “Company”).

**II. PURPOSE**

The Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its responsibility for oversight of the quality and integrity of the accounting, auditing and reporting practices of the Company. The purpose of the Committee is: (1) to oversee the accounting and reporting processes of the Company and the audits of the financial statements of the Company; (2) to interact directly with, and evaluate the qualifications, performance and independence of, the Company’s independent registered public accounting firm; (3) to assist the Board as appropriate in connection with the Board’s responsibilities in overseeing the Company’s compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; and (4) to take appropriate action in connection with the report required by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) to be included in the Company’s annual proxy statement.

**III. COMPOSITION; MEETINGS AND OPERATIONS**

The Committee shall consist of at least three directors who shall be appointed by the Board on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee of the Board. Each member of the Committee, in the judgment of the Board, shall be an “independent director” of the Company as that term is defined by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the “S-O Act”), Section 10A(m)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), Rule 10A-3(b)(1) of the Exchange Act, the rules of The NASDAQ Global Market, and any other law, rule or regulation applicable to the Company. No member of the Committee shall have participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or any of its subsidiaries at any time during the past three years.

All members of the Committee shall have a basic understanding of finance and accounting and be able to read and understand the Company’s financial statements, including its balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement. In addition, at least one member of the Committee shall have past employment experience in finance or accounting, requisite professional certification in accounting, or any other comparable experience or background which results in the individual’s financial sophistication, including serving or having served as a chief executive officer, chief financial officer or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities. Also, at least one member of the Committee shall qualify as an “audit committee financial expert” as that term is defined in the S-O Act and the final rules promulgated thereunder and as determined by the Board.

Committee members and a Chairperson of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board. If a Committee Chairperson is not designated or present, the members of the Committee may designate a Chairperson by majority vote of the Committee membership.

A majority of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The Committee may act by a majority vote of the members present at a duly constituted meeting of the Committee. In the absence or disqualification of a member of the Committee, the members present, whether or not they constitute a quorum, may unanimously appoint another independent member of the Board to act at the meeting in the place of an absent or disqualified member. In the event of a "tie" vote on any issue voted upon by the Committee, the Committee Chairperson's vote shall decide the issue.

The Committee shall meet, in person or telephonically, at least four times annually, or more frequently as circumstances dictate. The Committee Chairperson shall prepare and/or approve an agenda in advance of each meeting. The Committee should meet privately in executive session at least annually with management, the independent registered public accounting firm and as a committee to discuss any matters that the Committee or each of these groups believes should be discussed. The Committee shall make regular reports to the full Board.

The Committee shall have the authority to conduct any investigation appropriate to fulfilling its duties and responsibilities, and shall have direct access to the Company's independent registered public accounting firm as well as anyone in the Company. The Committee has the ability to retain and pay, at the Company's expense, special legal, accounting or other consultants or experts it deems necessary in the performance of its duties.

The Company shall provide for appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, for payment of compensation to the independent registered public accounting firm for the purpose of rendering or issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services and to any advisors employed by the Committee and for ordinary administrative expenses of the Committee that are necessary or appropriate in carrying out its duties.

The Committee shall have the authority to delegate to one or more members of the Committee the authority to pre-approve audit and permitted non-audit services. Such members must report grants of pre-approval to the full Committee at its next scheduled meeting. In addition, the Committee may ask members of management or others whose advice and counsel are relevant to the issues then being considered by the Committee to attend a Committee meeting and to provide such pertinent information as may be requested by the Committee.

#### IV. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

The Committee's role is one of oversight. While the Committee has the responsibilities set forth in this Charter, the Committee relies on the expertise and knowledge of management and the independent registered public accounting firm in carrying out its oversight responsibilities. Management is responsible for determining that the

Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The independent registered public accounting firm is responsible for auditing the Company's financial statements. It is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with GAAP.

In carrying out its duties and responsibilities, the Committee shall:

### Financial Reporting

1. Review with management and the independent registered public accounting firm the Company's year-end audited financial statements to determine whether to recommend to the Board that the Company's audited financial statements be filed with the SEC in its Annual Report on Form 10-K.
2. Discuss the Company's annual audited financial statements and quarterly financial statements, including the Company's disclosures under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," with management and the independent registered public accounting firm.
3. Review with the independent registered public accounting firm and financial and accounting personnel: (i) significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company's financial statements, including analyses of the effects of alternative GAAP methods on the Company's financial statements, and the effect of regulatory and accounting initiatives, as well as off-balance sheet structures, on the financial statements of the Company, and (ii) the adequacy and effectiveness of the accounting and financial controls of the Company, and elicit any recommendations for the improvement of such internal control procedures or particular areas where new or more detailed controls or procedures are desirable.
4. Review and discuss reports from the independent registered public accounting firm regarding: (i) all critical accounting policies and practices to be used; (ii) all alternative treatments within GAAP for policies and procedures related to material items that have been discussed with management, including the ramifications of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent registered public accounting firm; (iii) other material written communications between the independent registered public accounting firm and management, such as any management letter or schedule of unadjusted differences; and (iv) any significant disagreements with management.
5. In consultation with management and the independent registered public accounting firm, consider the integrity of the Company's financial reporting processes, internal controls and disclosure controls and procedures. Discuss the Company's policies for financial risk assessment and management, including the Company's significant financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor, control and report such exposures.

6. Review with management and the independent registered public accounting firm the Company's quarterly financial information prior to the filing with the SEC of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.
7. Discuss generally (*i.e.*, the nature of information to be presented and the type or form of presentation to be made in) the Company's earnings press releases.
8. Review and discuss with management, and the independent registered public accounting firm, the attestation report provided by the independent registered public accounting firm.
9. On a quarterly basis, review and discuss with the independent registered public accounting firm and management (including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer), as appropriate, the following:
  - (a) the certifications of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer required to be made in connection with the Company's periodic reports under the Exchange Act and the S-O Act;
  - (b) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which could adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data, including any material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting identified by the Company's independent registered public accounting firm;
  - (c) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting; and
  - (d) any significant changes in internal controls over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls over financial reporting, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.
10. Consider important trends and developments in financial reporting practices as the Committee may, in its discretion, determine to be advisable. The Committee may seek guidance from expert advisors in evaluating such developments.
11. Prepare the annual Audit Committee Report required by Item 407(d) of Regulation S-K to be included where necessary in the Company's proxy statement relating to its annual meeting of stockholders.
12. Review all "related party transactions" (defined as transactions required to be disclosed pursuant to Item 404 of Regulation S-K) on an ongoing basis, and all such transactions must be approved by the Committee.

#### Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

13. Be directly responsible for the appointment, retention, termination, compensation and oversight of any registered public accounting firm engaged to prepare or issue an audit

report on the Company's financial statements or perform other audit, review or attest services for the Company (including resolution of disagreements between management and the registered public accounting firm regarding financial reporting).

14. Have ultimate authority to approve all audit engagement fees and terms of the engagement of the independent registered public accounting firm, who shall report directly to the Committee.
15. Review and evaluate the experience, qualifications and performance of the senior members of the independent registered public accounting firm on an annual basis
16. On an annual basis, ensure receipt from the independent registered public accounting firm of a formal written statement delineating all relationships between the auditors and the Company, consistent with applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board, and actively engage in a dialogue with the registered public accounting firm with respect to any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the objectivity and independence of the registered public accounting firm, and take, or recommend that the full Board take, appropriate action to oversee the independence of the independent registered public accounting firm. The Committee shall confirm the regular rotation of the lead audit partner and reviewing partner as required by Section 203 of the S-O Act.
17. Review and pre-approve all audit, review, attest and non-audit services not prohibited by Section 201 of the S-O Act (as codified in Section 10A(g) of the Exchange Act) and the final rules promulgated thereunder to be provided by the independent registered public accounting firm (except those services that satisfy the *de minimus* exception set forth in Section 10A(i) of the Exchange Act). As described in this Charter under "Composition; Meetings and Operations," the Committee has the authority to delegate this pre-approval responsibility to one or more members of the Committee.
18. Review and discuss the independent registered public accounting firm's audit plan, including responsibilities, scope, budget, staffing, locations, reliance upon management and general audit approach.
19. Prior to releasing the Company's year-end earnings, discuss the results of the audit with the independent registered public accounting firm.
20. Discuss with the independent registered public accounting firm any matters required to be communicated to the Committee by Statement on Auditing Standards ("SAS") No. 61, as amended by SAS No. 90, relating to the conduct of the audit. Such discussion should include any changes required in the planned scope of the audit and any matters communicated by the independent registered public accounting firm to management which the auditors view as material weaknesses and reportable conditions of material inadequacies as those terms are generally understood by the accounting profession or regulators.

21. Consider the independent registered public accounting firm's judgments about the quality and appropriateness of the Company's accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting.
22. Periodically review the independent registered public accounting firm to assure that all partners who perform audit services for the Company have not performed audit services for the Company in any of the years prohibited by applicable laws and regulations and, if necessary, take appropriate action regarding the independent registered public accounting firm, including removal and replacement.
23. Review the hiring by the Company of employees or former employees of the independent registered public accounting firm. In addition, the Committee shall pre-approve the hiring of any employee or former employee of the independent registered public accounting firm (within the preceding three fiscal years) for senior positions within the Company, regardless of whether that person was a member of the Company's audit team. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company will not hire any person if the employment of such person would result in the Company's current independent registered public accounting firm not being independent (as defined under Item 2-01 of Regulation S-X).

#### Legal Compliance

24. Review with management and/or outside legal counsel, as appropriate, any legal and regulatory matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements, the Company's compliance policies and any material reports or inquiries received from regulators or governmental agencies.
25. Timely report any non-audit service(s) being performed by the independent registered public accounting firm to the Company's Chief Financial Officer (or such employee of the Company that performs a similar function or is designated by such officer for this purpose) so that such information may be disclosed in the Company's SEC filings as necessary.

#### Other Responsibilities

26. Review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter at least annually. Submit any proposed changes to the Charter to the Board for approval. Ensure inclusion of this Charter in the Company's annual proxy statement at least once every three years or as required by SEC regulations.
27. Take appropriate action in connection with the report required by the rules of the SEC to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement (and any other required reports).
28. Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters and the confidential, anonymous submission by the Company's employees of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters.

29. Review, and update periodically, in consultation with the Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, the Company's Business Conduct Guidelines and ensure that management has established a system to enforce such guidelines.
30. Meet separately, periodically with management and the independent registered public accounting firm.
31. Maintain minutes of meetings and periodically report to the full Board on significant results of the foregoing activities.
32. Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, the Company's bylaws and governing law as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.
33. Perform an annual self-assessment of the Committee's performance.